EXAM C QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

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Week of February 4/08

 S_1 has a compound distribution with frequency N and severity X_1 and S_2 has a compound distribution with frequency N and severity X_2 .

N is from the (a, b, 0) class of distributions.

 X_1 has an exponential distribution with mean θ , and the mean and variance of S_1 are 72 and 2268.

 X_2 has a uniform distribution on the interval $(0, \theta)$ (same value of θ as X_1), and the mean and variance of S_2 are 36 and 351.

Find P(N = 0).

The solution can be found below.

Week of February 4/08 - Solution

$$E(S_1) = E(N) \times E(X_1) = E(N) \times \theta = 72$$
 (Eq. 1)

 $Var(S_1) = E(N) \times Var(X_1) + Var(N) \times [E(X_1)]^2$ = $[E(N) + Var(N)] \times \theta^2 = 2268$ (Eq. 2)

$$E(S_2) = E(N) \times E(X_2) = E(N) \times \frac{\theta}{2} = 36$$
 (Eq. 3)

$$Var(S_{2}) = E(N) \times Var(X_{2}) + Var(N) \times [E(X_{2})]^{2}$$

= $E(N) \times \frac{\theta^{2}}{12} + Var(N) \times \frac{\theta^{2}}{4} = 351$ (Eq. 4)

From Equations 2 and 4, we get $2 \times Var(N) \times \theta^2 = 1944$ so that $Var(N) \times \theta^2 = 972$, and then from equation 2 we have $E(N) \times \theta^2 = 1296$. Now from Equation 1, we get $\theta = \frac{E(N) \times \theta^2}{E(N) \times \theta} = \frac{1296}{72} = 18$.

From this we get E(N) = 4 and Var(N) = 3. Since N is in the (a, b, 0) class, it must be either Poisson, Negative Binomial or Binomial. Binomial is the only one of these with Var(N) < E(N), so N is binomial. If the parameters of N are m and q, then mq = 4 and mq(1-q) = 3, so that $1-q = \frac{3}{4}$, and $q = \frac{1}{4}$ and m = 16. Then $P(N = 0) = {\binom{16}{0}}q^0(1-q)^{16} - {\binom{3}{4}}^{16} = .0100$.